

Protocol: HMW-DNA extraction

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HMW-DNA extraction from Animal tissue using PureLink buffers and Homemade magnetic beads

Proteinase K (20 mg/ml) (OMNILAB, PanReac AppliChem, A4392,0010)

RNAse A (DNase Free) (10 mg/ml)

PureLink™ Genomic Digestion Buffer (ThermoFisher, K182301)

PureLink™ Genomic Lysis/Binding Buffer (ThermoFisher, K182302)

200 µl wide orifice pipet tips

SpeedBeads™ (GE65152105050250 from Sigma)

PEG8000 (Promega, V3011)

1. Transfer small piece of tissue (thin slice of thorax of a butterfly, or 3x3mm piece of mouse ear/ or similar) into 12 x 8-tube pcr strips (with separate strip-lids) on dry ice, or into a 96-well plate (I prefer using strip-lids not sealing foils, unless one has an efficient plate sealer to prevent heated sample leakage, during mixing in steps below.)
(Note: Also, check that your tubes/wells can take around 240 µl of liquid in total)
2. At RT, prepare per sample: **90 µl PureLink Digestion buffer + 20 µl ProtK (20mg/ml)**. Then pipette 110 µl of the mix to each tissue sample (96-samples => 9 ml + 2 ml ProtK).
3. Close tightly with the strip-lids, incubate at 58°C for 2-3 hours in thermo-shaker, **no lid heating**, and with shaking (950 rpm) if possible, and manually mix by inverting the tubes more vigorously at least once every 15 min.
(Note: carefully press the lids every time before manually mixing the strips to prevent sample loss!).
4. Short-spin the tubes, then bring to RT, and add with repeater **pipette 4 µl of RNAseA (DNase free)** in each sample (stock 10 mg/ml).
5. Close tightly with the strip-lids, mix by inverting, and incubate 10 min at RT.
6. Short-spin the tubes, then add **90 µl Purelink Lysis buffer** into each sample (*this will form white precipitate in some samples, which will disappear during incubation*).
Note: to increase DNA recovery/purity, add the Lysis buffer with multichannel pipette and with wide orifice tips and mix up and down 5-10 times. This should not affect the size of DNA much...(not compared).
7. Close tightly with the strip-lids, mix and incubate at 58°C for 30 min, with shaking (950 rpm).
8. Spin 10 min at RT, 3000-6000x g to pellet any undigested/solids.

Magnetic-bead-DNA extraction from the lysate

9. Into a new 96-well plate: pipette 75 µl of magnetic beads (recipe below) into each well.
10. Transfer 150 µl of lysate to the 96-well plate containing beads, use **wide orifice** pipet tips.
11. Gently but thoroughly mix 10-15x by pipetting.
12. Incubate 10-15 min at RT.
13. Put the strips on 96-well magnetic stand ("96 Dynamag, side" or other) for 5-10 min.
14. Remove supernatant and wash the beads 2 x with 200 µl 80% EtOH, 2 minutes each.
15. Remove all the EtOH (pipette out from wells 3-5 times with same tips), then let evaporate on magnet for 2-4 min at RT, but do not dry completely.
16. Away from the magnet, add 100 µl of 10mM Tris, pH=8 to the beads to elute the DNA, close tubes but do not mix yet.
17. Let stand at 45C for 15 min and only then invert/mix the tubes 5-10x to gently re-suspend the beads.
18. Incubate another 20 min at RT, and then spin the plate to collect all the liquids.
19. On magnet, with wide orifice pipet tips, transfer DNA to a new plate / or leave DNA in the same tubes with beads.

Preparation of Magnetic-BEADS:

(15ml, SpeedBeads™(GE65152105050250 from Sigma /or/ GElifesciences Sera-Mag SpeedBead, 65152105050250)

For 50 ml of bead buffer (recipe below) in a 50 ml Falcon Tube, use 1 ml of STOCK beads.

1. On magnetic stand, transfer 1 ml of the Stock Beads into a 1.5 ml Eppendorf tube.
2. After 1 min remove the solution and wash beads with 1 ml of 10mM Tris-HCl, pH=8
3. On magnet, remove Tris buffer
4. Use some of the Bead Buffer from the Falcon Tube to transfer and re-suspend the beads into the 50 ml of Bead Buffer.

Beads are ready to use, store at 4°C, use at RT.

Magnetic-BEAD BUFFER recipe:

To make 50 ml of Bead-buffer, dissolve in 35 ml of 'molecular biology grade' H₂O:

9 g	PEG8000 (Promega, V3011)	(final = 18% PEG8000)
7.3 g	NaCl	(final = 2.5 M NaCl)
500 µl	1M Tris-HCl, pH=8.0	(final = 10mM Tris)
100 µl	0.5M EDTA, pH=8.0	(final = 1mM EDTA)

→ then add H₂O to 50 ml

1 : 1 ratio (50 µl sample + 50 µl beads) => binds all DNA above 200 bp

1 : 0.5 ration (50 µl sample + 25 µl beads) => binds all DNA above 600 bp

1 : 0.74 ratio (50 µl sample + 37 µl beads) => binds all DNA above 300 pb